

Instruction sheet for IACUC Teaching applications

Please read the instructions for each section carefully and fill in the form. Incomplete forms will be returned to the course director without the committee evaluating the application. Use the provided textboxes and do not write outside of them. Double clicking on the grey boxes can activate them.

Section 1: Proposed end date may be maximally 3 years after proposed start date.

Section 2: Project category: more than option may be ticked

Section 4:

Participating Personnel: Name all personnel involved in animal handling/working with animals during the course. Include the Course Director on the list.

Protocol Contacts: The Protocol Contact will be cc'd on emails to the course director concerning IACUC and protocol compliance issues. This includes Annual Status Reports and 3rd Year Renewal Notifications. Please mark if personnel will be directly involved with work on animals.

Occupational Safety Designee: This person will be responsible for assuring that all participating personnel are adequately informed and trained with regard to potential occupational hazards associated with animal work. For additional information regarding the Animal Hazards Program, contact the University Health Clinic at 407-2790.

Project Role: List the duties this person will perform relating to the animal studies.

Section 5:

Hazardous Agents include, but are not limited to:

- Infectious Agents including bacteria, chlamydiae, fungi, rickettsias, viruses, parasites, prions, human blood, body fluids, tissues or cell cultures. Recombinant DNA and the creation (but not acquisition) of transgenic animals.
- 2. Radiation including x-rays, lasers, sealed sources and radioisotopes.
- 3. **Hazardous Chemicals** such as toxic, carcinogenic, mutagenic or teratogenic substances; sterilant or anesthetic gases.

Please list the hazardous agents that may be included in this project, and describe how it will be dealt with to reduce the safety hazards (e.g. will involved personnel be vaccinated if a project includes animals with rabies; how will infected cadavers be disposed,...). In certain cases the committee may request a more detailed addendum.



Section 6:

The primary aim of the lay summary is describing the course to the non-scientific world. The summary should briefly describe the major goals of the teaching project/course and why the animal model you chose is the appropriate model. This should be written in non-technical language. All abbreviations/acronyms should be defined on first use. Be clear and concise; several sentences to one or two short paragraphs should be adequate.

Section 7:

Describe the educational aims of this course/wetlab. Justify the course/wetlab in terms of its potential value in advancing student knowledge and/or the benefits for students. Provide sufficient information to indicate that the potential teaching goals justify the use of animals, improvement of animal management or production, or achievement of educational objectives.

Note concerning Teaching or Instructional Protocols: Briefly describe the exercises that will involve the use of animals and how this relates to the goals of this course. Include a course outline or syllabus with protocol submission.

Section 8:

Provide a complete and accurate description of what procedures will be performed on/with the animals. Include the rationale/purpose of the procedures described. Write in lay language or language understood by a person unfamiliar with medical term (define all acronyms). Jargon should be avoided or explicitly explained.

- Specify the number of animals and how often the individual animals will be used per term. Also provide a students/animal ratio. Be certain to detail the regulatory classification of each animal group. This should correspond to the information you will provide later in the Humane Use Animal Categories, Justification for Number Requested, and Justification for Species sections of this application.
- 2. Provide a step-by-step description of all procedures, their frequency and time points over the course.
- 3. Describe the rationale/purpose for the procedures and address possible temporary or permanent affects to the animal's physiology/behavior.
- 4. Include how long the animals will be maintained. Include dose, route of administration and frequency of any drugs to be administered.
- 5. Describe methods used in behavior studies (including use of noxious stimuli or other methods of positive or negative reinforcement).

Section 9:

All vertebrate animals used for research or teaching must be assigned to a USDA pain and distress category on the protocol under which they are used. Procedures that could

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St. George's University Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee

cause pain or distress in humans should be assumed to cause pain or distress in other animals. This document provides definitions and examples of the USDA pain and distress levels to ensure that animals are listed on their protocol under the correct USDA pain and distress category. The IACUC will make the final decision about the correct pain category assignment for each protocol.

- Assign each animal listed on a protocol to one of the following USDA pain and distress categories: B, C, D or E. For definition and examples of USDA pain and distress categories, see Appendix 1.
- List each animal under the highest pain and distress category that will apply to the animal at any time while the animal is listed on the protocol, even if it is for a short duration of time.
- Do not include non-research related veterinary care in determining USDA pain and distress category.
- If a procedure is done on an animal (e.g. tail snip or euthanasia), list the animals as category C or greater. This includes animals used for breeding if they are later euthanized. Thus, breeding mice should be placed in category C rather than category B. List breeding animals as category B only if no procedures are done, including euthanasia.
- Genetically engineered animals:
 - Place animals in category C if the phenotype produced by the genetic alteration is unknown. Amend the category if the investigator or veterinary staff recognizes phenotype-related pain or distress.
 - Place animals in category D if the phenotype is expected to cause, pain or distress that will be alleviated by IACUC approved methods.
 - Describe any new information regarding the phenotype, including adverse events, and adjust the pain and distress category as necessary during the annual review.

USDA pain levels:

Category B	Category C	Category D	Category E
Animals being bred,	Animals that are	Animals subjected to	Animals subjected to
acclimatized, or held	subject to procedures	potentially painful or	potentially painful or
for use in teaching,	that cause no pain or	stressful procedures	stressful procedures
testing, experiments,	distress, or only	for which they	that are not relieved
research, or surgery	momentary or slight	receive appropriate	with anesthetics,
but not yet used for	pain or distress and	anesthetics,	analgesics and/or
such purposes.	do not require the	analgesics and/or	tranquilizer drugs.



Non-invasive observation only of	use of pain-relieving drugs.	tranquilizer drugs.	Withholding anesthesia/analgesia
animals in the wild.	a. a.g		must be scientifically
			justified in writing and
			approved by the
			IACUC.
Example (B)	Examples (C)	Examples (D)	Examples (E)
1. Animals being bred	1. Holding or	1. Survival surgery	1. Toxicological or
or housed, without	weighing animals in	2. Non-survival	microbiological
any research	teaching, outreach or	surgical procedures	testing, cancer
manipulation,	research activities	3. Laparoscopy or	research or infectious
including euthanasia.	2. Ear punching of	needle biopsies	disease research that
2. Observation of	rodents	4. Retro-orbital blood	requires continuation
animal behavior in	3. Animal behavior	collection from	after clinical
the wild without	studies	animals	symptoms are evident
manipulation the	4. Routine physical	5. Exposure of blood	without medical relief
animal or it's	examination	vessels for catheter	or require death as an
environment	5. Peripheral	implantation	endpoint
	injections, blood	6. Induced infections	2. Severe food or
	collection or	or antibody	water deprivation
	percutaneous	production (ascites	beyond that necessary
	catheter implantation	method)	for ordinary
	6. Feed studies, which	7. Research	pre-surgical
	do not result in	procedures that	preparation
	clinical health	could potentially	3. Application of
	problems	increase pain or	noxious stimuli such as
	7. Routine	distress on client	electrical shock that
	agricultural	owned animals (e.g.	the animal cannot
	husbandry	analgesia studies)	avoid/escape the
	procedures approved		stimuli and/or it is
	by the IACUC in a		severe enough to
	protocol or SOP		cause more than
	8. Live trapping		momentary pain or
	9. Research		distress.
	procedures that		4. Any procedures for
	involve no potential		which needed
	increase in pain or		analgesics,
	distress on client owned animals that		tranquilizers,
			sedatives, or anesthetics must be
	are undergoing clinical procedures		withheld for justifiable
	9. Positive reward		study purposes
	training or research		5. Exposure to
	10. Tattooing		extreme
	11. Anesthesia used		environmental
	for restraint for a		conditions
	painless, or		6. Euthanasia by



momentarily painful,	procedures not
procedure	approved by the
12. AVAM approved	AVMA
Euthanasia	7. Paralysis of a
procedures	conscious animal

Provide the <u>total number of animals to be used for the approval term of this protocol</u> (maximum of 3 years).

Section 10b:

Federal laws require that animals which will experience more than momentary pain and distress (such as that associated with a needle-prick) must be provided with appropriate sedatives, analgesics, and/or anesthetics. Withholding of these agents required scientific evidence that such drugs will interfere with the study or harm the welfare of the animal.

Any change from the methods or agents listed herein must be pre-approved by a University Animal Care veterinarian and such approval documented in the animal's record. Permanent changes in palliative therapy must be submitted to the IACUC as an amendment to the protocol.

Clinical signs of pain or distress that will be used to evaluate the need for palliative therapy should be included.

Section 10e:

Please Note: Euthanasia should be performed in accordance with the methods approved by the American Veterinary Medical Association (AVMA) panel on euthanasia. The quidelines can be found on the IACUC Sakai site.

All protocols using live animals must include this section, even if euthanasia is not anticipated.

Please list all non-University Animal Care locations where Euthanasia will take place.

Section 12:

International Regulations and University Policy require assurance that the use of alternatives to live animal models and procedures that may cause more than momentary or slight pain/distress to animals have been considered. The information in this section should include adequate information for the IACUC to assess that a reasonable and good faith effort was made to determine the availability of alternative models or methods. If the database search or other source identifies a bonafide alternative method (one that could be used to accomplish the goals of the animal use proposal), the written narrative should justify why this alternative was not used.



Section 13:

It is the policy of the IACUC and University Animal Care to work with the course director to assure that any modifications made to the protocol will not compromise the research aims of the project. Please note, however, that the IACUC policy and federal law has granted intervention authority to the attending/University veterinarian and the IACUC in the event that animal health is jeopardized or approved protocol procedures have been altered without prior IACUC approval. The IACUC has the authority to suspend work that is in violation of federal regulations.

Print this final page and sign. Please send the signed hardcopy to IACUC Office or you may scan and send as an email attachment. This is the ONLY hardcopy required by the IACUC Office. DO NOT send the entire application Form.